

# The Hartford Republican

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

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No. 31

## UNITED STATES FACING CRISIS

### GERMANY LAUNCHES POLICY OF UNRESTRICTED SUBMARINE WAR TO STARVE ENEMY.

### PEACE FOR PEACE FADE

Diplomatic Relations Between Amer-  
ica And Teutons May Be  
Severed.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Germany has declared unrestricted submarine warfare.

A starvation blockade of England, the like of which the world never has seen, was announced to the world to-day in notes delivered to American Ambassador Gerard in Berlin and to the State Department here by Count von Bernstorff.

Thus begins the long-tended en-  
emy of ruthlessness, conceived by  
Von Hindenburg, it is said here, on  
a magnitude never even contemplated  
by Von Tirpitz.

#### Severance of Relations.

Again the United States faces severance of diplomatic relations with Germany with all eventual possibilities. President Wilson's repeated warnings of "a world at fire" and Secretary Lansing's "verge of war" statement are being recalled in the capital to-night with feelings of apprehension and misgiving.

Germany's action is the super-crisis of all those that have stirred the American Government in two and a half years of world war.

Talk of peace and means of preserving the peace of the world has gone glimmering. President Wilson, incredulous at first when the unofficial text of Germany's warning was brought to him, at once called for the official document which had just been presented to Secretary Lansing by the German Ambassador Mr. Lansing absolutely refused to make any comment. President Wilson began at once a careful study of the document.

#### No Action Yet.

President Wilson went to bed at 11 o'clock to-night after spending the evening alone in his study with a copy of the German note. This apparently disposed of suggestions that some action might be taken before morning.

The President saw no callers, but is understood to have used the telephone freely. As far as could be learned no plans have been laid for him to go before Congress, as he did to announce the sending of the Susan note threatening to break off diplomatic relations.

The President has the task of deciding what shall be the course of the United States. Three immediate steps appear among the possibilities. The United States might solemnly warn Germany against a violation of her pledges; it might be decided that the German warning is sufficient notice of an intention to disregard those pledges and a sufficient warrant for breaking off diplomatic relations; it might be decided to await the results of the blockade and determine the course of the United States in the actual operations develop.

#### Confession of Weakness.

On almost every side Germany's drastic action is interpreted as an open confession of the effectiveness of the British food blockade. It is regarded as a determination to strike back in kind. German officials in the United States estimate the food supply on the British Isles will last a month.

Admittedly, the plan is to carry starvation to the doors of England with swift, staggering strokes, as a fulfillment of Germany's announced determination to use every weapon and agency at her command to end the war quickly. She counts on the operations of an unheard of number of submarines to deliver blows to bring England to her knees within sixty days. One German official here predicted to-day the war would be over in a month.

Conveyed to the world as her answer to the refusal of the Entente Allies to talk peace, Germany's last warning says:

"From February 1, 1917, within barred zones around Great Britain, Italy and in the Western

Mediterranean . . . all sea traffic forthwith will be opposed."

### \$20,000 A YEAR SPENT ON YOUNG JOHN JACOB ASTOR

New York, Jan. 30.—Approximately \$29,000 a year was expended from November 13, 1912, to December 31, 1915, for the support and maintenance of John Jacob Astor, the 4-year-old son of the late Colonel John Jacob Astor, who lost his life in the Titanic disaster, according to an accounting filed here to-day by the child's mother, now Mrs. William K. Dick.

Clothes and toys cost \$5,750; physicians' services, \$6,525; attorney's fees, \$4,000; income tax, \$2,720, while Mrs. Dick said the baby's share of keeping up the Astor residence on Fifth avenue amounted to the balance. The Fifth avenue home was vacated when the mother became Mrs. Dick, thereby surrendering her interest in the property and a trust fund worth several million dollars. This was in accordance with Colonel Astor's will. The baby, under the will, was left an estate of \$3,000,000.

Mrs. Dick enumerated the toys purchased for the amusement of her son. As the child grew older, the vouchers showed, his toys grew in size and importance.

#### OFFICERS TOLD TO EXPECT NO MERCY FROM U-BOATS

New York, Jan. 30.—When the Cunard liner steamer Carmania arrived Monday from Liverpool the following notice posted conspicuously at the foot of the main companionway was observed:

"Submarine alarm: Signal on ship's whistle—two long and two short blasts. Ship is being chased or in danger of gunfire."

"Passengers will go to boats with life belts on."

"Seamen told off for gun's crew will go to stations. Remainder will prepare the boats for lowering."

"Firemen and trimmers will double up the watches in stoke holds and engineroom and false all heating kept closed."

"Reminder of men will go to their hot stations or put out fires when they occur."

"Surgeon will see that all sick are removed."

"Safety of all depends upon the strict observance of these rules."

"By order,

"Commander."

Passengers on board the Carmania said they had learned that the British Admiralty had informed the officers of the vessel that they need expect no mercy from enemy submarines and that safety depended on successful defense and flight. The Carmania carries a six-inch gun, capable, it is said, of sending solid shot for several miles and can also discharge the new type shrapnel shell invented by ordnance experts for defense against submarines.

The four-masted auxiliary French bark *Le Villy*, arriving Monday from Marseilles and Irost, exhibited a three-inch machine gun on deck. The *Le Villy* is said to be the first sailing vessel to enter New York harbor armed.

#### Coal Miners Strike.

Whitesburg, Ky., Jan. 30.—Fifty miners in the plant of the Elkhorn Coal Company at Kona Station, this county, walked out on a strike this morning demanding higher wages. The men held a meeting Sunday in which they agreed to strike to-day. This morning their plans were carried out. It is said the coal company will not agree to their wishes. This is the first strike among miners in the history of the Elkhorn coal fields.

#### FORMER HERALD EDITOR TAKING "REAL" VACATION

Washington, Jan. 29.—Frank L. Felix, who was editor and part owner of the Hartford Herald for more than thirty years, arrived in Washington to-day on the first real vacation he has taken in many years. Mr. Felix was shown about the Capitol by his son, Douglas Felix, who is an assistant clerk of the House District of Columbia Committee, of which Representative Ben Johnson chairman. Mr. Felix recently disposed of his interests in the Hartford Herald and intends to spend several months in Florida. He stopped here on his way to Boston, where he will visit his daughter.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

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—Kirby in New York World.

## PLOT TO MURDER HIGH OFFICIALS IMMENSE SUM IN NEW NAVAL BILL

### ENGLAND STIRRED AT DISCOV- ERY OF CONSPIRACY TO KILL LLOYD-GEORGE

### POISONING WAS PLANNED

### Three Suffragettes And One Man Are Arrested—Trial Will Likely Be Held Saturday.

Derby, Jan. 31.—Four persons were arraigned quietly in the police court at the Derby guildhall this morning, charged with plotting the murder of Premier Lloyd George and Arthur Henderson, the Premier's right hand man in the War Council. The accused persons indignantly denied the charges, declaring they had been trumped up as punishment for their conscientious objections to compulsory military service.

Proceedings at the Guildhall, over which the Mayor presided, were merely of a formal nature. No details of the charges or evidence were divulged, although gossip has been busy with rumore of various details since the news of the arrest was received late yesterday. The accused persons, who are well known here, are Mrs. Alice Wheeldon, her two daughters, Miss Ann Wheeldon, and Mrs. Alfred George Mason, and the latter's husband. Two of the women are school teachers.

**No Formal Defense.**  
The prisoners made no formal defense move at to-day's hearing, merely pleading not guilty. They did not demand release on bail, apparently realizing that the charges were too serious for consideration by the court of such a request. They were returned to their cells. Owing to lack of accommodation here for such important prisoners they will be taken to Birmingham jail to await resumption of the case next Saturday.

For the man in street the case was a great sensation, particularly as the accused persons belonged to two classes against which there is much feeling—suffragettes and conscientious objectors.

Both Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Henderson are known as very Democratic and accessible. Recently there has been some agitation for better protection of the nation's leaders.

**Precautions Are Taken.**  
Ample precautions were taken here to protect the prisoners and the conservative British law, circumscribing matter which the newspaper may print in advance of court proceedings, insures against any efforts in the press to arouse feeling against them. Police witnesses to-day described in a cut and dried manner the arrest of the accused.

**Marriage License.**  
Jim Galloway, Centertown, to Arden Howe, Centertown.  
Logan Bradley, Hartford, to Vera Wallace, Cromwell.

### CARRIES NEARLY \$40,000,000 OV- ER LAST YEAR—\$351,000,000 TO BE SPENT THIS YEAR

### ARMY BILL NOT READY

### But Will Call For Over \$300,000, 000—Universal Training Mea- sure Before Senate Com.

Washington, Jan. 31.—The Administration's \$800,000,000 defense budget began to take final shape in Congress to-day when the House passed the Fortifications Bill carrying a total of more than \$51,000,000 for coast defense, and the House Naval Committee completed its 1918 Naval Appropriation Bill with a total of more than \$351,000,000.

The Army Appropriation Bill, the third element of the programme, still

is in the House Military Committee, which is expected to complete it next week. Estimates for the army

reach total of more than \$360,000,000, exclusive of numerous deficiency measures resulting from the border

mobilization and the rising cost of war materials.

The only other military legislation pending is the Universal Military Training Bill before a Senate subcommittee, which will conclude its hearings this week, when Maj. Gens. Scott and Wood are to be recalled for cross-examination by Senator Blair Lee, of Maryland, on their previous statements that federalization of the National Guard has proved a failure.

It is not expected that Congress will

take any action on the Universal

Training Bill at this session.

**Three Battleships.**

The Navy Bill carries a total of \$351,433,245, up against \$313,000,000 last year. It provides for the construction of three 42,000-ton battleships at a total cost of \$28,178,592 each; one battle cruiser at a cost of \$26,694,496; three scout cruisers at \$6,746,147 each; fifteen destroyers at \$1,748,612 each; one destroyer-tender at \$2,808,000; one submarine-tender at \$2,199,400, and eighteen 800-ton type submarines at \$1,434,093 each. The programme is that recommended by the department and represents one-half of the remaining portion of the three-year programme approved last year.

The committee departed from the department's recommendations only in the type of submarines provided for. No small coast defense submarines are authorized, the committee having decided against the small 400 to 600-ton type of boat, such as those now in service.

**\$12,000,000 For Navy Yards.**

Taking up the problem of getting under construction the four battle cruisers authorized last year, the committee raised the limit of cost for hull and machinery to \$19,000,000 from \$16,500,000. Department officials believe all four vessels can be placed with private bidders at

that figure. The committee also decided, however, Secretary Daniels' recommendations that navy yards be fitted to build large numbers of capital ships, authorizing the expenditure of an additional \$12,000,000 for that purpose in the event the department is unable to make satisfactory contracts for any vessel in the present bill or left over from the preceding measure. This would make available a total of \$18,000,000 for equipping navy yards.

For the three scout cruisers still awaiting satisfactory bids the committee raised the cost for hull and machinery to \$6,000,000. One vessel was ordered from the Seattle Construction Company some months ago at the lower figure, but no other bids were received.

Another new provision of the bill raises the number of appointments annually at Annapolis to be made from the enlisted personnel of the navy from twenty-five to 100. Appointments may be made whenever vacancies occur.

The new battle ships will be the most powerful war vessels ever built. They will have a speed of twenty-three knots an hour and carry main batteries of twelve sixteen-inch guns each, instead of the eight sixteen-inch guns on the four authorized last year.

### FORCED TO ENGAGE IN LABOR FOR GERMANS

Paris, Jan. 27.—Seven hundred thousand inhabitants of the invaded regions in the North of France are engaged in forced labor for the Germans, according to M. Dibuderville, mayor of the town of Corbeil, who has just arrived from the occupied region at Evian.

The mayor's estimate, he says, is based upon careful, serious calculation, taking as a basis the number of inhabitants personally known by him as having been taken from the communes in his region. Three hundred out of the 900 inhabitants of the village of Esmeray-Hallion, he declares, have been obliged to serve the German occupying force, the recalcitrants being either imprisoned or exiled to Germany.

No distinctions are made as to age or sex in the choice of forcibly enrolled laborers, M. Dibuderville says.

### 55,000 PAID TO CAPTAIN FOR SINKING SUBMARINE

Boston, Jan. 30.—A reward of \$5,000 for sinking a German submarine in the Bay of Biscay some months ago, has been paid by the British Admiralty to Capt. W. R. Miller, of the British freighter, *Clun Robertson*, in port here from Liverpool, it became known today. At the time of the encounter, Capt. Miller was in command of the British steamer *Clun MacFayden*, bound from India for London. As the submarine approached and appeared to make an attack, the steamer let loose with a gun mounted on her forward deck.

Investigation of Capt. Miller's report by Admiralty officials satisfied them it was said that the steamer had destroyed an enemy craft and the standing reward for a scalp at sea was paid.

### WILL THIS HAVE ANY EFFECT ON LOCAL CANDIDATES

Elkins, W. Va., Jan. 31.—After beating Jailer James N. Shreve into insensibility and dragging him into their cell, four prisoners, inmates of the Randolph County Jail here, under their way to liberty late last night.

After a chase of several blocks during which several shots were fired by a posse at the fleeing men, two of the prisoners, Clinton Webb and Wayne Heatherly, were captured. The Sheriff and the posse are still searching for Howard Kisner and Jennings Wees. Heavy knobs from toilet fixtures and pieces of a broom handle were the weapons used by the men in making good their escape.

### McKINLEY DAY OBSERVED AT NATION'S CAPITAL

Washington, Jan. 29.—Official Washington to-day wore carnation blossoms in honor of the seventy-fourth anniversary of the birth of the late President McKinley.

The Ohio society of Washington arranged a reception to-night, with Secretary of War Baker and Associate Justice Clark, of the Supreme Court, as guests of honor.

## WOOD DECLARES GUARD FAILURE

TELLS SENATE SUB-COMMITTEE  
THAT MILITIA SYSTEM IS VI-  
CIOUS AND INDEFENSIBLE.

### ARE NOT REAL SOLDIERS

Points to Recruiting Reform School  
Boys In Kentucky As An  
Example.

Washington, Jan. 31.—That efforts were made to use forty-eight convicts to fill companies of one of the regiments of the Kentucky National Guard in the mobilization last summer, was stated to-day by Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood in his testimony before the Senate Sub-committee on Universal Military Service.

Gen. Wood's serious charge against the Kentucky National Guard was given as an illustration of the difficulties of recruiting the companies to their required strength.

He did not say which of the three regiments the alleged effort to fill the companies to required strength had been made.

## NO THRILLS FOR VETERAN FLIERS

BRITISH OFFICER SAYS MOTOR-CYCLING MORE EXCITING THAN AEROPLANING.

## LUNCH EATEN IN AIR

Speed of 140 Miles An Hour Required of Scouts With The British Army.

With the British Armies in France, Jan. 15.—It's exciting at first, but generally speaking it's rather less so than a motorcycle," says a "wing" subaltern of the British Flying Corps. He started with the flying with his machine, one of the latest types in a war that is changing and developing the aeroplane almost from hour to hour. There were marvels of the air two years ago that have no more relation to the machines of to-day than the clumsy attempts of a barnyard to the flight of a swallow. An aeroplane seat that can not register in the cockpit speed of 140 miles an hour can not be classed as truly modern. This speed is called for in "level" flight, not in "going down hill" or in diving or in a loop. You may attain 150 miles an hour doing that.

"Oh, yes, the fighting's fun," resumed the subaltern, "but you can't always picture the Germans to come and have a go. They never mind the time to stop on the ground and set 'tangles' on you with their noisy shrapnel shells. It's when you go paddling thru the air on patrol duty for four or five hours and nothing happens that flying becomes monotonous. In spite of the almost unbelievable speed at which you go you have no sense of speed whatever—nothing like the thrill of forty or fifty miles an hour in a motor with the trees whizzing by and a bumpy road beneath you."

"Sometimes the air is lumpy, too, and that's good sport. To collide with an air bump is almost like hitting a big rock in the road. They generally lurk near a cloud bank and give you an awful jolt when you least expect it. The dull days when the air is smooth you can get a little peace, too, and excitement by throwing her about a bit, for when you get to close quarters in a fight you need all the stunts she'll do. In the air one doesn't even get the sensation of the wind that you get on the ground. When you are running along or a hundred miles an hour a little wind more or less makes no impression upon you."

Wind No Thrill.

Which latter not may account for the absolute contempt in which the modern army fliers look up the mightiest blasts old timers can blow. It was not so long ago that a ten-minutes would upset all Sykes' plans for a day; now nothing short of a hurricane can deter the incipient aviators of the Allies. They laugh at a gale and can almost take a nap while comfortably riding a thirty-mile wind. The real enemy elements are low clouds and ground winds. They have little relation to personal safety, but they interfere seriously with a wide range of uses of work.

After a few more earnest remarks on the monotony of patrol work in smooth air, he likened to driving a motor truck along a cement road in a desert, the soldier climbed into the "cabbin" of his machine a wimp-like creature, with the imprisoned power of 100 horses thundering in its womb-like engine.

Its guns were attached audibly to the frame work and synchronized where necessary to shoot thru the blades of the fast whirling propeller in front.

The "cabin" of a modern aeroplane suggests the rick house of a sailing yacht in mid-ocean. Everything is tight, hot, hard wood and there are polished deck instruments to indicate speed, height, air and everything an aviator ought to know. There are ingenious sights for the guns and radio folders for communications, and a little device to tell that the bombs have been properly released in turn and are flying on their way to the objective selected for attack.

When he is tilted away, only the pilot's head is visible above the tree-line. Directly in front of him is a thin blue half-moon of a white streak.

"You can lower that in sun, sun, and get more air," grumbled the aviator.

"What about freezing in the winter-time?" was suggested.

"Oh," he replied, "that all depends upon the machine. This little boat, for instance, with the engine in front of you as warm as toast even when you are 15,000 feet up and the mercury has long dropped below zero, you get all the warmth of the ex-

haust and can stay up indefinitely. The plane with the propeller and engine in front is a tractor. The 'pusher' has engine and propeller in the rear. In one of those you get the 'oil effect' of the cold and you just naturally freeze, that's all."

### Mad White Flying.

The control of the fighting aeroplane has been reduced to the simplicity of a single lever, known in the profession as the "joy stick." By moving this stick a few inches one way or another and with occasion at first pressure on the rudders one can climb, dive, loop, sideslip, fall a couple of thousand feet and flatten out "as right as rain." You always have one hand free for the machine gun and if necessary you can let the joystick kick out for itself for minutes at a time and use both hands for lighting. Or if the trip is a long one you can let her float while you eat luncheon. An almanac generally consists of an apple or banana, milk chocolate and biscuits, with hot tea or coffee from vacuum bottles.

Hospitalization Causes Bad Skin. A dull and painful skin is due to spinal cord inflammation. Forget the condition and cover your head with Dr. King's New Life Pills. This mild laxative taken in addition will assure you a full, free, non-grinding movement in the neck today. Drive out the dyspepsia resulting from overloading intestines and sluggish liver, get a bath today. At 37 Decatur,

INDIAN DECLARER  
AMERICA IS CHILD

CIVILIZATION STILL PRIMITIVE AND HAS MUCH TO LEARN SAYS TAGORE.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 27.—America knows now her frailties and her virtues. Sir Rabindranath Tagore, famous Indian poet and philosopher, has told her all about herself.

Just before he left here the other day on a voyage back to his beloved homeland, he drew a mental picture of our national character, pausing in bold strokes the good and the bad points.

Inexperience, impoliteness, intolerance and materialism are the faults, he says. Genius, daring, inquisitiveness and frankness the charms.

Sir Rabindranath has visited many cities in this country during the last three months. He has studied us from every angle.

This is what he says:

The thing which hurt me more than anything else was the fact that they looked at me because of my broadness, because of my clothes and my foreign appearance. I had to keep to my own room most of the time and did not dare to eat in public because everyone would stare and whisper and laugh. They do not do that anywhere else in the world. If you Americans come to India, do you put on our dress? But we don't care about you; we expect you to represent Americans in our country.

### Contest Remarkable.

The contrast between the Americans and the Japanese is remarkable. In Japan nobody laughs. Everyone was polite and realized that a man from another country.

If you encourage foreigners to retain their own dress and customs, you

would be a more picturesque country and have a broader internationalism.

You are too young to be exclusive.

Encourage immigration;

do not discourage it. You have a wonderful message to give to the world. Don't let the darling innocence of your youth regard the delivery of this message.

America's civilization is still crude. It is bound to be crude. You are only a child. In human life you

would be about a 4-year-old child,

which just begins to ask questions and tries to find out things.

And America is trying to find out things and that is the great redeeming feature.

Your inquisitiveness and cur-

bosity will teach you and in the next

stage of civilization, which will be

spiritual rather than material, you

will be a leader.

### Women Have Much To Do.

I have noticed that women won't have much more time and less

time than the women anywhere else

in the world. They could use that time well in study and improvement.

Do they?

You must learn. You can not

teach as yet. You must be tolerant

and remember that the foreigners

can teach you. Do not try to Ameri-

canize every when.

I have great hopes for your coun-

try. On your soil will be the great-

est nation of the world. Not you will

be the greatest nation only if you let

others come in. You have the hap-

py advantage of no past and a won-

derful future."

## CHILDREN PLAY AS SHELLS RAIN

FRENCH INFANTS BORN WITHIN SOUND OF HEAVY CANNONADING.

## TOTS ARE VENTURE SOME

MOTHERS CALL THEM IN WHEN THE SHELLS BEGIN TO FALL CLOSE AT HAND.

With the British Armies in France, Jan. 25.—It's exciting at first, but generally speaking it's rather less so than a motorcycle," says a "wing" subaltern of the British Flying Corps. He started with the flying with his machine, one of the latest types in a war that is changing and developing the aeroplane almost from hour to hour. There were marvels of the air two years ago that have no more relation to the machines of to-day than the clumsy attempts of a barnyard to the flight of a swallow. An aeroplane seat that can not register in the cockpit speed of 140 miles an hour can not be classed as truly modern. This speed is called for in "level" flight, not in "going down hill" or in diving or in a loop. You may attain 150 miles an hour doing that.

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It is bound to be crude. You are

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would be about a 4-year-old child,

which just begins to ask questions and tries to find out things.

And America is trying to find out

things and that is the great redeeming feature.

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### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

MAN WHO OPPOSED TIPS HAS RAID ROW

Denver, Colo., Jan. 27.—Robert

Alberts, of Denver, member of the

gaily along in perambulators while fond mothers look on.

### The Best Recommendation.

The strongest recommendation any article may receive is a favorable word from the user. It is the recommendation of those who have used it that makes Chamberlain's Cough Remedy so popular. Mrs. Amanda Gierhart, Weymouth, Ohio, writes, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my family off and on for twenty years and it has never failed to cure a cough or cold." Obtainable everywhere.

### LINCOLN PEW IS LEFT AS CHURCH IS BUILT

Gettysburg, Pa., Jan. 27.—The old pew in which Abraham Lincoln worshipped on November 19, 1863, in the historic Presbyterian Church here, stands undisturbed to-day, while about it workmen are tearing out the interior to make way for new furniture and trappings. During the battle the church was used as a hospital. There are many bloodstains on the woodwork. These are to be removed. The church is 170 years old.

### Bigest Scholarship.

We have for sale, a scholarship good for complete course in either Bookkeeping

## MEXICAN WOMEN BALK AT PLUNG

RIOT ON JUAREZ SPAN WHEN  
IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES  
DEMAND BATH.

## MISUNDERSTAND ORDER

Reports Circulated That U. S. Sol-  
diers Were To Make Pictures—  
Hold Up Pass.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 28.—A misun-  
derstanding over quarantine regula-  
tions led to a riot to-day at the Juarez  
end of the main international bridge,  
which threatened for a time to assume  
dangerous proportions. Energetic measures taken by the Carranza  
garrison and a conference be-  
tween the American and Mexican im-  
migration officials later brought  
about an arrangement satisfactory  
to the Mexicans and quiet was restored.

The rioters were mostly Mexican  
women, employed as servants in El  
Paso, who resented the American  
quarantine order that all persons of  
unclean appearance seeking to cross  
the bridge be given a shower bath  
and their clothing be disinfected  
to kill typhus germs.

**Hordes Are Served  
By Pie Distributors**

32,000 DESERVING DEMOCRATS  
ARE TO GET HAND-DUTIES,  
LEADERS ESTIMATE.

Washington, Jan. 27. Republican  
can leaders in Congress have been  
endeavoring, without any great de-  
gree of success, to get a line on the  
number of places that have been cre-  
ated for "deserving Democrats" since  
the present administration came into  
power.

Various calculations have been  
made with varying results. Senator  
Smoot, of Utah, who went into the  
subject in considerable detail, es-  
timates that up to last September  
32,000 places had been created, in-  
volving an annual expenditure of  
about \$44,000,000.

**List Grows Longer.**

"This list has been increased, but  
not largely, since then," said Senator  
Smoot. "It includes places under  
the civil service which, however,  
were created to get Democrats into  
office."

Representative Albert Johnson, of  
Washington State, undertook to get  
some information on the subject. He  
wrote to the National Civil Service  
Reform League, which has offices at  
79 Wall Street and of which Richard  
Henry Dunn is president, and has re-  
ceived from Harry W. Marsh, the fol-  
lowing reply:

**Removed From Service.**

"Replying to your letter of the  
4th instant, requesting information  
as to the number of new offices cre-  
ated by the Wilson Administration,  
the only information we have at hand  
is the number of positions removed  
from the jurisdiction of the civil  
service law by the Wilson Adminis-  
tration, as follows:

"Income tax force, about 1,200  
positions; urgent deficiency bill, 1,-  
200 deputy collectors and 175 dep-  
uty marshals (since the passage of  
this act a number of ordinary clerks  
and stenographers have been ap-  
pointed as deputies); Federal Trade  
Commission, about ten positions;  
commercial attaches, fifteen positions;  
Federal Reserve Board, not  
more than two hundred positions;  
Federal Farm Loan Board, no figures.  
The above figures are conservative,  
but I believe are fairly accurate. I  
trust this gives you the desired in-  
formation."

**Deny Peon Was Killed.**

Several shots were heard in suc-  
cession at this time, but Carranza  
officers and Government investigators  
say no one was hurt, despite a de-  
tailed story that spread through El  
Paso that a peon had been killed for  
shouting "Long live Villa! Death to  
Carranza!"

At an international conference  
held at noon it was arranged that the  
American authorities would recog-  
nize bath and sterilization certificates  
issued by the Mexicans, who have an  
effective quarantine plant.

Because of the riot the races on  
the Juarez track were called off and  
the gambling halls closed.

The quarantine order closes inter-  
national traffic between 7 p. m. and 7  
a. m., because of the shortage of  
night inspectors. Travel is unre-  
stricted during the day except so far  
as relates to those who potently are  
unclean.

A black flag with skull and cross-  
bones in white, which was display-  
ed by the Carranza cavalrymen on  
the Juarez end of the bridge, created  
excitement among American spec-  
tators, who were ignorant of its sig-  
nificance. The flag is the divisional  
flag adopted by Gen. Francisco Murgua  
on taking charge of the present  
campaign against Villa. Its signifi-  
cance was explained as "death to  
Villa," and it was first made public  
when Murgua's troops reoccupied  
Chihuahua City.

**THOSE AWFUL  
CRAMPS**

Suggestions that may save  
Much Suffering

Marysville, Pa.—"For twelve years  
I suffered with terrible cramps. I  
would have to stay in bed several days  
every month. I tried all kinds of  
remedies and was treated by doctors,  
but my trouble continued until one day  
I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable  
Compound and what it had done for others. I tried it  
and now I am never troubled with cramps and feel like a  
different woman. I cannot praise  
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound  
too highly and I am recommending  
it to my friends who suffer as I did."  
—Mrs. George R. NAYLOR, Box 72,  
Marysville, Pa.

Young women who are troubled with  
painful or irregular periods, backache,  
headache, dragging-down sensations,  
fainting spells or indigestion should  
take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable  
Compound. Thousands have been re-  
stored to health by this root and herb  
remedy.

Write for free and helpful advice to  
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confi-  
dential), Lynn, Mass. Only women  
open and read such letters.

The managers of the shops are al-

## CLARK MAY PASS J. D. IN WEALTH

FORMER SENATOR CAN RAISE  
\$100,000,000 IN TWENTY-  
FOUR HOURS.

## STARTED AS PEDDLER

Mine King Gyrs Castles And Man-  
sions in Paris, New York, Los  
Angeles and Butte.

Butte, Mont., Jan. 27.—Is W. A.  
Clark, mine king and former Senator  
from Montana, overhauling John D.  
as the richest man in America?

That's the word out here where  
they know the pedigree and posses-  
sions of rich men like a "mindsmer-  
ler" knows geology.

War prices on metals have enor-  
mously increased Clark's already in-  
lusions income.

And the difference between Clark  
and Rockefeller and other Amer-  
ican money monarchs is that the  
former's vast holdings are practically  
all in his own name and that of  
his family.

His intimates here say that he  
could raise \$100,000,000 in cash in  
twenty-four hours out of his own  
storehouse of wealth, and that he is  
probably the only man in the United  
States who can.

United Verde, the Arizona copper  
mine, for which Clark recently re-  
fused \$76,000,000, is alone paying  
him a monthly dividend of \$2,000,  
000.

His Butte properties, tho' com-  
paratively small, also yield him  
enormous sums.

Aside from the \$50,000,000 loan  
he made France, the adopted land of  
his children, Clark has \$20,000,000  
loose change he doesn't know what  
to do with.

A French syndicate recently want-  
ed to purchase United Verde. "The  
Old Man," as they call him here,  
said:

"Well, I don't want to sell Verde,  
but I suppose everything has its  
price. Tell you what I'll do. You  
survey the property and pay me ten  
cents a pound for all the ore actual-  
ly in sight."

When at ten cents per pound, the  
actual ore bulked to the staggering  
figure of \$600,000,000 the syndicate  
engineers threw up their hands. And  
copper is today selling around thir-  
ty-five cents per pound.

Clark has a \$15,000,000 home on  
Fifth Avenue, a \$10,000,000 chateau  
in Paris, where his children live, an-  
other palace in Los Angeles and the  
old home here in Butte.

**Starts Own Foundry.**

In New York the brass trust want-  
ed to hold him up on the \$1,000,000  
worth of fixtures for his Fifth Avenue  
home, so Clark started a foundry of  
his own, just for that purpose.

Starting as a bull team driver, a  
vendor of spices and baking pow-  
ders here in the early days, he got  
in the first whack at the "million dol-  
lar hill" at Butte.

Today at 76, he has mines in Mon-  
tana, Arizona, California, Michigan;  
owns Salt Lake line from Butte to  
Los Angeles, has oil properties in  
Wyoming—in fact owns tremendous  
properties in nearly every State.

Every night he knows just what  
has happened during the day on all  
his holdings. He gets reports from  
them all—a bushel basket of tele-  
grams every evening at the New York  
office.

His political fights in Montana—  
and they have been on the theory  
that might makes right—have cost  
this super-rich man millions.

It is for these political battles that  
Clark says he has learned the phi-  
losophy to which he today inscribes  
his remarkable energy and unfailing  
business acumen.

"I have learned never to worry,"  
he asserts, "to conserve my energies.  
The result is I feel like a child when  
my head touches the pillow, and I  
wake up fresh for any task."

**A 160 acre farm & mines east of  
Hartford, on the border of the oil  
fields. Good dwelling, barn and other  
necessary outbuildings. Young  
orchard, strawberry bed and other  
pleasing features. If bonds carry  
inter-county seat pike will be near.  
See, or write Tinsley & Barnett,  
Hartford, Ky., for further particu-  
lars.**

**SOLDIERS OPERATE  
STRING OF STORES**

Paris, Jan. 27.—The co-operative  
store has made its appearance at the  
front. In the forest of the Argonne  
the experiment was first tried, with  
the result that it was so successful  
that the little shops sprung up like  
mushrooms until now there are  
many stores or shops of considera-  
ble importance.

Write for free and helpful advice to  
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confi-  
dential), Lynn, Mass. Only women  
open and read such letters.

The managers of the shops are al-

soldiers who have had experience in  
rushing lines before being called to  
the colors, and who for one reason  
or another, have been released from  
duty in the trenches.

Under the fire of the enemy's  
guns the French soldier calmly walks  
to his provision shop and purchases  
what particular brand of food he is  
able to pay for, be it carp, lobster,  
shrimp, oysters or green vegeta-  
bles.

The funds to start the enterprise  
were originally company funds,  
which were donated by the men. The  
original investment has in most cases  
been returned to the unit from  
which it came, and the profits of the  
sales are devoted to the men them-  
selves. A sort of an insurance fund  
is set aside out of the profits to pro-  
vide for emergency, such as the de-  
struction of the store by shell fire  
or high winds, and the entire busi-  
ness is conducted in a manner that  
would do credit to any of the big mer-  
cantile establishments in the larger  
cities.

**\$100 Reward, \$100**

The readers of this paper will be  
pleased to learn that there is at least one  
dreaded disease that science has been  
able to cure in all its stages, and that is  
Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only  
positive cure now known in medical  
history. It is a safe, simple, non-irritating  
remedy, requiring no special diet or  
medicinal treatment. It acts directly upon  
the mucous surfaces of the system, thereby  
destroying the food and drink that  
are attacking the patient strength by  
building up the constitution and assisting  
nature in doing its work. The proprietors  
have so much faith in its curative powers  
that they offer One Hundred Dollars  
for any person that fails to cure. Send  
for a free sample of the medicine.

**Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.**

**Take Hall's Family Pill for constipation.**

**UNFIT GUARDSMEN FOST  
U. S. \$2,000,000, IS CLAIM**

New York, Jan. 28.—Acceptance of  
physically unfit national guardsmen  
made necessary by last summer's  
mobilization, cost the Federal Gov-  
ernment not less than \$2,000,000,  
according to a report to-night of the  
Executive Committee of Mayor  
Mittell's Committee on National De-  
fense.

The lowest estimate of the phys-  
ically unfit among the 114,000 offi-  
cers and men subject to the Pres-  
ident's call was placed at 25 per cent,  
or 28,500, in spite, the report states,  
of the relatively low rejection rate  
in Massachusetts, New York and a  
few other States. New York had  
gone much further, the committee  
found, maintaining proper physical  
standards.

"At one of the mobilization camps  
the army instructor inspector esti-  
mated that each man rejected had  
represented, at a conservative esti-  
mate, a loss to the Government of  
\$40. In the case of men carried to  
the border without thorough exam-  
ination and sent back home because  
of disloyalty, the cost was, of course,  
far greater. In other cases, where  
men were discharged at their home  
stations soon after the call, it was  
less."

**Stop That Cough.**

A hacking cough weakens the  
whole system, drains your energy  
and gets worse if neglected; your  
throat is raw, your chest aches and you  
feel sore all over. Relieve that  
cold at once with Dr. King's New Dis-  
covery. The soothing pine balsams  
heal the irritated membranes, and  
the antiseptic and laxative qualities  
kill the germs and break up your  
cold. Don't let a cold linger. Get  
Dr. King's New Discovery to-day at  
your druggist, 50¢.

**Rules For The Nursery.**

Rockers on cradles are strongly  
condemned by doctors because fre-  
quent rocking is injurious to in-  
fants.

In preparing baths for children  
always put in the cold water first  
and then the hot. By keeping this  
rule rigidly accidents from scalding  
will be prevented.

Good habits can not be taught too  
early.

A scolding mother will not bring  
up amiable children.

**Severe Cold Quickly Cured.**

"On December first I had a very  
severe cold or attack of the grip as  
it may be, and was nearly down sick  
in bed," writes O. J. Metcalf, Weather-  
by, Mo. "I bought two bottles of  
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it  
was only a few days until I was com-  
pletely restored to health. I firmly  
believe that Chamberlain's Cough  
Remedy is one of the very best medi-  
cines and will know what to do when  
I have another cold." Obtainable  
everywhere.

**Farm For Sale.**

I desire to sell my farm of 75  
acres, located on the Hartford and  
McIlroy public road, 2 miles from  
McIlroy, one mile from Hartford  
and Centertown Pike. Three good  
wells of water, plenty of fruit for  
family use, fairly good buildings, 20  
acres in woodland, balance cleared  
of which 20 acres is bottom land.  
Will sell at bargain. Change in  
occupation only reason for selling.

**BEN L. DAVIS,**

Beaver Dam, R. 2.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

## CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been  
in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of  
*Cha. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy.  
All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but  
Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of  
Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

### What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric,  
Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains  
neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its  
age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has  
been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence,  
Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising  
therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids  
the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep.  
The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

### GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

*Cha. H. Fletcher*

**In Use For Over 30 Years**

**The Kind You Have Always Bought**

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## Starck Pianos



No Money  
in Advance  
—Satisfac-  
tion Guar-  
anteed—  
Lowest Net  
Factory  
Prices—  
Easiest  
Terms—  
A  
Saving of  
\$100 to  
\$200—  
From Fac-  
tory Direct



## Hartford Republican.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice in Hartford, Ky., as mail matter of the second class.

ALISON J. BARNETT, . . . . Editor  
W. B. TINSLEY, . . . . Business Manager

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The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS  
Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

Business Letters and Notices 10c per line and 5c per line for each additional insertion.

Obituaries, Readitions and Card of Thanksgiving, 10c.  
One, money in advance.

Church Notices for services free, but other advertisements, 5c per line.

Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEGRAPHIC  
Cumberland ..... 125  
Farmers' Mutual ..... 50

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

NOTE.—Announcements in this column are charged for at the rate of \$6.00 if started before March 1; thereafter, \$5.00. Payable in advance.

### For Representative.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of L. L. EMBRY for the Republican nomination for Representative of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

### For County Judge.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of MACK CODK for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Ohio County Court. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of R. R. WEDDING for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Ohio County Court. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

### For County Court Clerk.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of W. C. BLANKENSHIP for the Republican nomination for County Court Clerk of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of M. F. CHUMLEY for the Republican nomination for County Court Clerk of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

### For Sheriff.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of G. A. RALPH for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of S. A. BRATCHER for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of G. P. JONES for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

### For Superintendent.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of E. S. HOWARD for the Republican nomination for Superintendent of Schools of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

### For Jailer.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of M. C. SHROADER for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of J. W. DUVALL for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

If might is right then might must be right, but we think "may" sounds better.

With tobacco bringing good prices it looks like a shame to burn the plant beds.

About the only sympathy for the census comes from the newspaper proof reader.

"Turn boys, we're going back," and then the much-sought Villa occupied the vacated territory.

Someone has said the sea connects us with Europe, but we bad begun to think it was the Deutschland.

There are two traits that the Eight-hour law does not affect—the train of thought and that of the evening gown.

If that servant of Biblical history who increased his talents to ten could have had the benefit of a Washington peace note "leak" he would have required several years in making his settlement with the Master.

Germany's threat to extend the submarine policy without limitations causes this country to face a crisis

such as has not been ours since the Spanish-American War. Only time can tell what the future may bring.

We can forgive the one who continuously boasts of "I". Our animosity toward the guy who gave us the black eye lessens as time goes by. But the gink who introduced the four hundred variety of that opiate affliction, secluded behind a pair of colored glasses and commonly disguised as "pink eye", need ask no quarter from this source once his identity becomes known.

Candidates for the Republican nomination for county offices are out early with their announcements this year which fact indicates that they believe prospects bright for the nominees in November. Starting with two last week the list swelled materially this issue and there are several more to follow. Many prospective candidates, however, will hold their announcements until spring.

### WANT NOTHING EXTRA.

Judging from certain newspaper accounts one would think that an enormous tide of public sentiment was sweeping through the State of Kentucky, surging, jamming and calling madly for an extra session of the Legislature, and that the one little, simple thing necessary to appease the hordes is the passage of the tax law submitted by the Commission. No doubt there is sentiment in certain sections for just that, but as for the unanimity of the demand, it's missing.

That certain sections of Kentucky's present tax law should be placed along-side other relics of antiquity few deny, but at the same time there are objectionable features in the proposed new law. Very objectionable in fact that the chances of their passage becoming a veritable blunder are in the majority. Members of the commission that drafted the new bill deserve credit, thanks and appreciation for their work. There are many good things included in the measure, and certainly such an able Commission can yet improve it, if given time. In its report the Commission states that owing to the condition of the State Treasury it did not see fit to employ a tax expert. We suggest that the Commission should be permitted to employ a tax expert, and upon his advice some changes made.

The people of this section are almost unanimous against an extra session of the Legislature. They feel that if held until the next session it may crowd out many wild-cat laws and chamber-maid scandals. They are afraid of an extra session for they tremble at the thought of even a regular one. They have no assurance that a good tax law would be passed. They haven't forgotten the last session of this most dignified body—and in other words, they are willing to let bad enough alone for the present.

### DECISION ON ADAMSON ACT MAY BE POSTPONED

Washington, Jan. 29.—A recess of the Supreme Court for four weeks, from February 5 to March 5, to prepare opinions, was announced to-day. The Harvester and Steel cases and other important cases assigned for February 26, were reassigned for hearing on March 6.

The usually long recess gave rise to speculation regarding prospects for a decision in the Adamson eight-hour law case. It was suggested in some quarters that, few opinions having been given to-day, the Adamson law decision might be in process of preparation for announcement next Monday. If the case is not decided then, no decision would be possible until after Congress adjourns, as the next regular "opinion day" will be March 6, two days after the adjournment.

The same situation applies in the contempt case against United States Attorney Marshall, of New York, who is asking a habeas corpus writ to prevent him being brought before the bar of the House of Representatives. The power of the present House to inflict contempt punishment expires with adjournment of Congress.

It was understood that the four weeks' recess was designed primarily to give the court time to prepare opinions in many cases argued and others coming up for hearing this week.

### MAN WHO JOINS ARMY NOT A WIFE DESERTER

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 29.—A husband who joins the army is not thereby guilty of wife desertion, it was ruled in Court here to-day, when Arthur L. Campbell, a detective and National Guardsman, was released on a writ of habeas corpus. He was under arrest on a fugitive warrant from Cincinnati, O., charging him with wife abandonment.

Campbell's defense was that he enlisted for service on the Mexican border and that his wife left home while he was with his regiment.

Germany's threat to extend the submarine policy without limitations causes this country to face a crisis

## OBJECTS TO THE LITERACY TEST

### WILSON AGAIN VETOES IMMIGRATION BILL RECENTLY PASSED BY CONGRESS.

### ILLITERATES MAY LAND

President Says Many Aliens Come to  
The United States Seeking  
Education.

Washington, Jan. 29.—President Wilson to-day vetoed the Immigration Bill passed recently by Congress because of its literacy test provision.

It was the second time that President Wilson had vetoed an Immigration Bill because of the literacy test and for the same reason similar measures were given a veto by Presidents Taft and Cleveland.

The President's veto message to the House in which the bill originated, follows:

... much regret to return this bill without my signature.

In most of the provisions of the bill I should be very glad to concur, but I cannot rid myself of the conviction that literacy test constitutes a radical change in the policy of the nation which is not justified in principle.

It is not a test of character, of quality, or of personal fitness, it would operate in most cases merely as a penalty for lack of opportunity in the country from which the alien seeking admission came.

The opportunity to gain an education is in

many cases one of the chief opportunities sought by the immigrant in coming to the United States, and our

experience in the past has not been

that the illiterate immigrant is

such an undesirable immigrant. Tests

of quality and of purpose cannot be

objected to on principle, but tests of

opportunity surely may be.

### Objection To Exemption.

"Moreover, even if this test might be equitably insisted on, one of the exceptions proposed to its application involves a provision which might lead to very delicate and hazardous diplomatic situations."

"The bill exempts from the operation of the literacy test 'all aliens who shall prove to the satisfaction of the proper immigration officer or to the Secretary of Labor that they are seeking admission to the United States to avoid religious persecution in the country of their last permanent residence, whether such persecution is evidenced by overt acts or by laws or governmental regulations that discriminate against the alien or the race to which he belongs because of his religious faith.'

### Invidious Function.

"Such a provision, so applied and administered, would oblige the officer concerned in effect to pass judgment upon the laws and practices of a foreign Government and declare that they did or did not constitute religious persecution. This would, to say the least, be a most invidious function for any administration officer of this Government to perform, and it is not only possible but probable that very serious questions of international justice and comity would arise between this Government and the Government or Governments thus officially condemned should its exercise be adopted."

"I dare say that these consequences were not in the minds of the proponents of this provision, but the provision separately and in itself renders it unwise for me to give my assent to this legislation in its present form."

### Seek To Overrule It.

When the message was read in the House it was ordered to lie on the table until Thursday morning, and champions of the bill began laying their plans for an effort to override the veto. Chairman Burnett announced to-night that he would move for a vote Thursday. Two

years ago the House lacked only

four votes of the necessary two-

thirds majority to pass the bill over the veto, the yeas being 261 and the nays 136. The attempt having failed in the House, no action was taken on the Senate.

When President Taft vetoed a similar measure because of the literacy test the Senate succeeded in overriding him by more than a two-thirds majority but the House fell short about a dozen votes.

The bill which the President

vetoed to-day passed the House last

March by a vote of 308 to 87 and the Senate in December by 64 to 7.

### WIFE BEATERS' PHOTOS TO HANG IN ROGUES' GALLERY

Kansas City, Kan., Jan. 27.—With

the novelty worn off the plan of

shackling wifebeaters and making

\$996.08, the accumulated surplus on

a \$2,000 twenty-year life policy.

The company paid him \$518.28,

but the court said an "illustration"

showing the estimated earnings of

such a policy had been made part of

the contract, guaranteeing to him

\$996.08. The suit probably will af-

fect many similar policies in force in

Kentucky.

Judge Joseph Brady has hit on a new

idea to humiliate the practice of the

ancient cave man.

Hereafter the pictures of all wife-

beaters with their names and records

in bold, black type, will be placed

in a public rogues' gallery in the

lobby of the city hall, exposed to the

gaze of all.

"It seems to me my plans of pub-

licly exhibiting wifebeaters on the

streets has lost its effect," said

Judge Brady, when a wife showed a

wounded and discolored eye and tes-

tified it was a habit of her husband

to beat her.

The husband admitted he occa-

sionally beat his wife.

"You are fined \$500," said the

court. "And you are going to be

the first exhibit in a public rogues'

gallery in the lobby of the city hall.

It will let the people know what

kind of a man you are when they see

you on the street."

Death of Well Known Citizen Due  
To Paralysis and Complications.

Mr. J. P. Stevens died at his home

here Thursday night, of last week,

after an illness of a little over three

weeks duration. He was stricken

with the paralysis which was followed

by extreme poison and his condition

now slowly worse until it was seen

and stated, by his physician that the

case was only a question of time.

Mr. Stevens was one of Ohio conn-

try's best known citizens and spent

nearly seventy-two years of useful

life before answering the final call.

He was elected Sheriff of the county

in 1892 and filled the office with

credit. He also served several

years as marshal of the towns of

</div

# ATTENTION, MR. FARMER!

Do you expect to raise tobacco this season? If you do, take a word of admonition from us. Buy your tobacco canvass at once. The quantity is small, and the price, on account of high cotton, is soaring.

We have on hand to-day to grades:

**Ohio River B. Grade 2 1-2c**

**Ohio River C. Grade . . . 3c**

The quantity is limited, and future prices are sure to be high. BUY NOW, and remember that it pays to trade with a house that saves you money.

**Fair & Co**  
THE FAIR DEALS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY.....FEBRUARY 2

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.

No. 113 due at Ellimitch 8:32 p.m.  
No. 110 due at Ellimitch 7:30 a.m.

No. 112 Lv. Ellimitch .. 8:40 p.m.

Ar. Irvington .. 5:35 p.m.

Lv. Irvington .. 6:56 p.m.

Ar. Louisville .. 7:40 p.m.

No. 111 Lv. Louisville .. 8:35 a.m.

Ar. Irvington .. 10:06 a.m.

Lv. Irvington .. 10:40 a.m.

Ar. Ellimitch .. 1:04 p.m.

M. H. & R. R. TIME TABLE.

South Bound. No. 115—

Due at Hartford.....8:45 a.m.

North Bound. No. 114—

Due at Hartford.....6:55 p.m.

Both "Mixed Trains."

Personal Items

All Sorts of Goods.

For Sale House and lot in Hartford. Cheap at \$250. Apply at this office.

Mr. Benjie Hancock, of Howling Green, arrived Wednesday to visit relatives a few days.

Mr. Leo Salmon, of the firm of B. K. Salmon & Sons, Livia, was in Hartford yesterday.

Miss Anna Turner is moving into the Hoover property corner Washington and Clay Street.

Jack Skillman, Owensboro, was here this week purchasing hay, which goes to Atlanta, Ga.

Rev. and Mrs. W. C. Frank, of Beaver Dam, are the parents of a nine-pound boy, born Tuesday morning.

T. H. Black was appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of J. P. Stevens, deceased, February 1.

For fancy cured meats, good solid groceries and the very best pork and beef cut to your notion, go to L. Kene Meat Market.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Mischke entertained a few of their friends Wednesday evening at five hundred. Refreshments were served.

Leo Lewis was appointed and qualified as committee for R. C. Lewis, who was adjudged an imbecile or incompetent, in county court on the 27th.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace H. Riley will return to Union City, Tenn., at an early date after visiting relatives here and in Eastern Kentucky. Mr. Riley is proprietor of the Union City Bottling Works which has been leased during his visit.

Plows Spring will soon be here and you will need them. Plows have advanced 20 per cent since last year, but we sell them at the old last year price. Anything in the Farm Implement line we have.

S. L. KING & CO;

Hartford, Ky.

Mr. M. C. Schroeder, Hartford, R. 2, a resident of Iveson precinct, is asking for the nomination for Jailer of Ohio county at the hands of the Republican party, in the August, 1917, primary. Mr. Schroeder comes from a large Republican family, is a farmer and well fitted for the office to which he aspires and says he expects to hustle until the home wire is crossed.

In this number will be found the announcement of J. W. Duvall as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Mr. Duvall has heretofore been before the voters and is quite well known and "Buck," as he is generally known, is certain to make a good strong contest and if elected will serve with credit to himself and to the county.

The Magisterial district meeting of the A. S. of E. held at Bennett's schoolhouse Saturday was largely attended, every local in the district was represented and much enthusiasm was shown. Quite a few ladies were present and an excellent dinner was served. The next local meeting of the A. S. of E. will be held with Washington one month from next Saturday.

We announce in this issue the candidacy of Esq. Mack Cook for the Republican nomination for Judge of the Ohio County Court. Esq. Cook is well known throughout the county, having recently served one term as J. P. O. C., and was an applicant for the nomination four years ago. Mr. Cook will make a strong race and if nominated and elected will make a clean and capable Judge.

At a meeting of the creditors of Dundee Mercantile Company held in Owensboro last Friday, R. R. Riley, of Hartford, was selected as trustee to wind up the estate. The assets appear to be about \$6,000 and liabilities about \$9,000. Hartford attorneys attending were, C. M. Crowe, M. L. Heavrin, Ernest Woodward and G. B. Likens. Others from Ohio county present were, Esq. W. S. Dean, postmaster, E. F. Duke, of Dundee, and A. R. Renfrow, of Narrows.

G. P. Jones has shed his sky piece in the ring for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Ohio county. Mr. Jones is not without experience in the Sheriff's office having served as deputy during the term of T. H. Black, which serves to fit him for the position which he seeks. Mr. Jones was born and reared in the Cromwell vicinity and now resides in Beda precinct. He is a successful farmer and a good business man, and promises his opponents a good clean fight for first place in the coming primary.

Sheriff own left last Tuesday for Tex., armed with a requisition for the return of Wm. O. Reynolds being held by the Texas authorities charged with sedition.

In a letter shown Capital C. B. Shoy on the border of the company are sick, and colds seem to be the

Mr. and C. Martin are the parents of a nine-pound boy, born Monday sex of the new

concern has 10 per cent to its popularity of the May.

The Society of the Christian will give "Life Lines Aerial" next Sunday evening at clock. An entertainment

Rev. B. will preach at the Methodist Sunday morning. Evening will deliver the evening and will be here for the meeting Monday afternoon.

Bring you to the Queen's for the White Swan Laundry. Satisfaction guaranteed for evenings. Special attention to customers.

The Weekly Seminary basket ballated the Madisonville Y. Club at Beaver Dam. Said by the one-sided score. The feature of the game was around playing of the boys, who displayed excellent work.

Miss Louise entertained Tuesday evening theater party.

After Barrymore at the Star to the home

of the host, five-hundred

and took up in. A delightful time of pen-fowl,

sandwiches and coffee was the guests.

For fancy cured meats, good solid

groceries and the very best pork and

beef cut to your notion, go to L. Kene Meat Market.

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For the needs of the schools of our country and if nominated and elected he promises his very best endeavor to advance the interest in the education of all of our boys and girls.

About 10:30 Wednesday night someone in what might be termed a perfect state of intoxication, with the accent on the "lor," wended his way zig-zagged along the streets of Hartford, soliloquizing in the most lady-like terms, and with some hideous portion of his body smashed with a "hang!" one of the big windows in the front of Casebeer's pool parlor. Navigating, dodging snags here and there, he found the main channel (Main street) and oh, yea ill fate, he broke his little browning in front of Her's grocery. Yo editor happened to be on the job in the Republican office and ye editor became slightly nervous but aside from the above related no damage was done. Pedestrians easily tracked the militant Wednesday morning by the drops of blood here and there caused to flow because the glass was sharper than he.

Judge R. E. Lee Simmerman returned from Owensboro Tuesday evening where he, in behalf of the local K. of P. Lodge, contracted with Miss Willy Neely, acting for the Wales Lyceum Company for an engagement here Thursday, February 16.

Members of the K. of P. order are elated at securing the services of such able entertainers and as Hartford people have had no lyceum talent here this year a record for attendance is expected. Six high-class enterainers form the company and the program given here will be the same that has met with success in New York and other large cities of the North and East. Miss Neely is alone capable of entertaining an audience for an entire evening as those who heard her upon her former visits here will attest. The Knights of Pythias are to be congratulated upon their successful efforts to secure a high-class entertainment for Hartford February 16.

A Birthday Dinner.

On Sunday, Jan. 28, 1917, the relatives and friends gave Mr. Hiriam Taylor a surprise dinner, that being his 66th birthday. It was indeed a great day. Everybody brought well filled baskets. Those present were Rich Taylor and family, Miss Mary Taylor, W. T. Brown and family, J. L. Moore and family, H. A. Taylor and family, Harmon Whitescarver and family, A. C. Berryman and family, Mr. Wash Brown, of Little Bend; Mr. Bruh Elliott, Mrs. Eliza Kitchens, Mr. Goebel Taylor, Misses Ruby Bent, Elizabeth, Ruth and Mildred Taylor, 36 present. All report a very enjoyable time. Lots of good music. The young folks had an old fashioned game of base in the afternoon. One Present.

COUNTY ASSESSMENT

FOR 1917 FALLS OFF

The Assessor's return as of Sept.

1, 1916, for the year 1917 shows a

total of \$4,474,290. The raises or

increases by the County Board of Su-

veyors, lately adjourned, amount

to a total of \$410,415, giving a grand

total, as returned, of \$4,884,755.

6,386 poll tax payers were found, 6,

980 school children and 1,563 dogs.

The Assessor's return for the pre-

sent year, compared with last year is

short \$155,076, the the Ohio County

Board of Supervisors increases for

this year exceed those of last year

by \$90,035, which leaves a shortage of practically \$100,000.00 for pres-

ent year.

Two monks from the Indies ar-

rived in Constantinople in the year

536, bringing with them silk worms

and the knowledge which enabled

them to teach the manufacture of

silk. From the industry launched

by those two monks and their as-

sistants has sprung the factories in

Europe and America devoted to the

making of that fabric.

China, which boasts of being the

birthplace of so many modern in-

dustries, was the original home of

silkworms. In the year 2540 B. C., Se-

ling-she, spouse of the Emperor

Hwang-to, is recorded as having

been a patroness of the silk industry,

encouraging the cultivation of the

mulberry tree and the rearing of

worms and reeling of silk. This

Empress personally cared for large

numbers of silk worms, and the Chi-

nese affirm that she invented the first

loom.

For centuries the Chinese jealously

guarded the secret of silkmaking,

but eventually knowledge of the art

spread to Korea and thence to Ja-

pan, where the industry was estab-

lished about the Third century of the

present era. The art was carried

thence to India, and finally reached

Europe.

Wrought silk, the product of In-

dian and Persian looms, was brought

to Greece in the Fourth century B.

C., and that it was known in Rome

in the time of Tiberius there is

proof in the passing of a law prohib-

iting the wearing of silk by men,

and declaring that it was "fit only

for women." When silk had to be

imported into Europe from Asia it

was literally worth its weight in gold,

and was sold by weight, a pound of

silk for a pound of gold. At that

period it was generally believed by

Europeans that silk grew on trees.

The European industry spread

slowly, and in the time of Charle-

mon, a gift by that ruler to another monarch of "two silken vests"

was considered a display of lavish-

ness.

In the Twelfth century the

silk industry was established in Pal-

## Farm Department

### Control of Watermelon Stem-End Rot

Washington, D. C.—Watermelon stem rot results in a decay of the melon, at the stem end, which usually develops during transit to market. The investigations of the U. S. Department of Agriculture have shown that the fungus is a *Monilia* which is common in many southern fields or dead stalks of cotton, corn, and many weeds, as well as on decaying melons. The spores of this fungus are blown about by the wind and lodge on the moist end of the melon stem after it is severed from the vine, germinate, and grow into the melon, which often begins to decay within three days.

The experiments made last summer on several carloads of melons offer good hopes that this stem-end rot can be prevented. The methods recommended by the Department of Agriculture are as follows:

1. Cut and burn all weeds around the field and along ditch banks during the winter.
2. From the time that the melons set on the vines, all cut fruit should be hauled out of the field weekly and fed to hogs, or deeply buried. Wash the wagons used for hauling with a two per cent bluestone solution.
3. Spraying with bordeaux mixture for anthracnose will probably help control stem-end rot.
4. Laborers harvesting melons should never cut or touch a decayed melon.
5. Cut melons with long stems and load into cars with the least possible delay and with the utmost care in handling, to avoid bruising. Open car ventilators.
6. Most important of all, apply a paste made of common starch with six per cent bluestone to the freshly cut stems as the melons are being packed in the car. It has been found that disinfecting the stems at other times is less effective, as the paste is rubbed off by handling.

As the packer arranges the melons in tiers, have him place the stem ends outward, while a reliable boy cuts a section of the stem and applies a covering of paste with a small, round brush.

Freight cars that have contained decayed melons or yard refuse should be washed clean and sprayed with a two per cent bluestone solution.—U. S. Department of Agriculture.

**GOOD ROADS.**

(By W. H. Caudill.)

The Torrens system is a system of land title registration. Under it land titles are examined by a duly appointed and bonded official, who certifies to the court that they are good if found so. The title is then entered of record and a copy given to the owner of the land. After that all questions about the validity of the title, all looking up of old titles and old claims, all fear of unpaid notes or taxes, are done away with. Any claims against the land are entered of record alongside the title record where any man can see them. Sales are also recorded there. A transfer of land is made by the simple process of writing it on the back of the Torrens deed or certificate of ownership and turning that over to the purchaser.

The Torrens system should be adopted in this state, it would be in a voluntary form. That is, the man who wishes a Torrens title could get it and the man who did not wish to go to the expense of getting one could let it alone. The man wishing such a title would apply to the court for one, submitting his old deeds. The official examiner of titles would then look up the title record and make an abstract of it just as lawyers do now when a piece of land is transferred. If he found the title clear, he would so certify. If he found anything against it that could be cleared up by the owner he would notify him of it. If he found the title doubtful, it would have to be determined by suit as now, or in some cases by the publication of notice to any possible claimants who would be given certain length of time in which to present their claims. After all claims had been settled and the title pronounced good, the court would scrutinize the work of the title examiner. If his work was found correct, and the title good, the land would be surveyed and the corners durably marked. Then a guaranteed title would be issued to the land owner and his title to the land would be good against all parties, and he could transfer it, as described above, just as easily as he could transfer a stock certificate or a bond, and with little more expense. Even if it should be found that the examiner made a mistake and gave him a title to which he was not entitled, he would still hold the land. The state would have to satisfy the injured parties and, in turn, collect from the examiner and the defendant.

The purpose of the Torrens sys-

tem is to make land titles certain and easy of transfer—to do away with land title litigation and the journal and expensive search of records and making of abstracts which now cost landowners so much.

Of course, the man getting a Torrens title has to pay for it. The fee, however, need not be large, not much larger than the cost now of an examination of records and the making of an abstract. Laws establishing the system usually provide that the title fee shall be a certain percent of the value of the land, and this prevents the charges on a small tract becoming too great.

If the Torrens system should be enacted into law, it is not likely that many people would go to the expense of getting a Torrens title unless there was some claim against their land which they felt would be set aside by a competent examiner. Men buying land would be likely, however, to insist on Torrens titles, certainly they would if wise. Thus one after another the land titles of the state would definitely be determined for all time and disputes about boundaries, overlapping claims and disputed rights he done away with.

Certainly, this is a consummation devoutly to be desired.

There is a chance, too, that the system will be absolutely necessary to the successful working of the new farm loan law in this state. Certainly there are thousands of land titles now so clouded by uncertainty that the owners of the land will have little chance of getting money on it through the farm loan associations until the titles are cleared up. This law is just one more reason why we should have the Torrens system.

Southern Agriculturist.

Neglected Colds Grow Worse.

A cough that rakes and irritates the throat may lead to a serious chronic cough, if neglected. The healing pine balsams in Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey—Nature's own remedy—will soothe and relieve the irritation, breathing will be easier, and the antiseptic properties will kill the germ which retarded healing. Have it handy for croup, sore throat and chronic bronchial affections. Get a bottle today. Pleasant to take. At all Druggists, 25c.

**GOOD ROADS.**

(By W. H. Caudill.)

Our Ohio County farmers need better means of transportation and marketing. The way to have better means of transportation and marketing is to have better roads.

Good roads are not only an economy but they are also an evidence of civilization and social advancement.

The social ideal, being one of collectivism for the common good, ever signifies the benefit to be derived from collective action for the good of the community.

Individual action is generally weak and inefficient in the accomplishment of great results. Hence, individualism is almost a complete failure; because the individual is not as strong and as efficient as the whole people collectively.

Co-operation is the fundamental principle of collectivism, which, in serving the social community, ever serves the individual, for the simple reason that unity (co-operation) is far more potent for the common good because of its greater power for accomplishment, by reason of its greater strength and efficiency in the performance of those things which respond to the social and common good of the entire community. Therefore, we need co-operation. We need co-operation, not only in the building of good roads, but also in the organization of our schools for efficiency in educational methods and greater results in the requirement of that knowledge which gives the enlightened which illuminates the pathway of life toward a greater civilization and a happier and wiser social order.

Good roads are of great practical utility and economy, because they save teams, vehicles, time and money, by the greater facility of transportation and marketing. Facility is required. Teams, etc., cost money and are a loss if worn out soon on bad roads. And vehicles soon wear out on rough, bad roads. Then, they too, are a loss because of poor roads besides saving teams, vehicles and time on good roads is equivalent to saving money. And the economy of good roads soon mounts up to thousands of dollars saved by the community, because it stops the waste of money used in having bad roads frequently "patched up." Moreover, travel on good roads is easy and pleasant. And, by reason of good traveling, better transportation and marketing, all at an opportune time for traveling, transporting and marketing, when transportation is cheap, easy and convenient on good roads,

and market prices are high, our farmers reap the benefits of good roads, cheap transportation, and high market prices for their products. His own best contribute to all this by paying a tax for building good roads, rather than lose teams, time, vehicles, patience and profit? He certainly should—even if he has to help pay a bonded debt, for the building of good roads! Indeed, all things considered, with reference to the economy of good roads, it would be wisdom on his part to pay a tax to build permanent good roads. If not, why not?

Good roads are an indication of enlightenment, social progress, and public spirited people, living and laboring for an intelligent and progressive community.

It were better to have more of the social spirit that fosters the common life, than to have the sordid and sordid nature that injures all by its narrow selfishness and its contemptible sordidness.

Even the individual himself is greatly benefited (through and by good roads and society); because of the common good, which includes the good for each and every individual.

Now, this article may not suit some people; for it is written from the viewpoint of socialization, and is imbued with the social spirit (which ever abides with all collectivists for the common good), but men and brethren, let us have more of the social spirit that contributes to the good of all.

Let us assume a bonded debt for Ohio county to build good roads; for by so doing, we will enhance the value of our farms, benefit the community, beautify the country, economize our resources, enlarge our social horizon, have better social centers, better homes and build up prosperity for ourselves through the medium of better society, better schools and the economy of good roads!

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## Wagons! Wagons! Wagons!

Before you buy you should examine our hand made farm wagons. They run lighter, are made of the very best material and last far longer than any machine made wagon you can buy no matter what price you pay.

We also do all kinds of Blacksmithing and Repairing, especially the hard jobs the other fellow can't do.

We also make a specialty of Horseshoeing and earnestly solicit your patronage in this line.

Respectfully yours,

**A. B. Row & Son**  
Centertown, Ky.

Thirty-five years experience in the shop.

HERE IS A GOOD PLACE TO STOP FOR LITTLE MONEY  
Louisville Hotel, Louisville, Ky., Main St., bet. 6th & 7th  
The only Hotel in Louisville operated on the  
American and European Plans.

AMERICAN PLAN (With Meal)

Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running Water.  
75 Rooms, single, \$2.00 per day; 2 people, \$2.00 each  
50 Rooms, single, 25¢ per day; 2 people, 22.5¢ each  
50 Front Rooms, single, 30¢ per day; 2 people, 25¢ each  
Rooms with Private Bath:  
50 Rooms, single, 3.00 per day; 2 people, 2.75 each  
50 Rooms, single, 3.50 per day; 2 people, 3.00 each

EUROPEAN PLAN (Without Meal)

Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running Water.  
75 Rooms, single, \$1.00 per day; 2 people, \$0.75 each  
50 Rooms, single, 1.25 per day; 2 people, 1.00 each  
50 Front Rooms, single, 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each  
Rooms with Private Bath:  
50 Rooms, single, 1.50 per day; 2 people, 1.25 each  
50 Rooms, single, 2.00 per day; 2 people, 1.50 each

THE OLD INN, Louisville, Ky., Cor. Sixth and Main Sts.  
European Plan Only.

Rooms Without Bath, \$1.00 and up; Rooms With Private Bath, \$1.50 and up—Best Eating Place in Town.

The Louisville Hotel and the Old Inn are located in the wholesale district and only a 3-block's walk to the retail district and theaters.

LOUISVILLE HOTEL AND OLD INN COMPANY, Proprs.

## Vanderbilt Training School for Boys ELKTON, KY.

Will help parents develop their sons into the best type of citizens and Christian gentlemen. Its patronage is widely scattered and comes from the best homes in the South. Its capacity is limited, therefore, reservations should be made early. Place your son in this select group of boys. Write

**MATHENEY & BATT**

For catalogue and information, Box A.

No Combination of Reading Like It and All For **\$2.10**

**The Youth's Companion**  
52 ISSUES OF THE YOUTH'S COMPANION  
12 ISSUES OF MCALL'S MAGAZINE  
15 DRESS PATTERNS  
**\$2.10**

**McCall's Magazine**  
12 ISSUES AND A DRESS PATTERN  
The favorite family weekly of America. 12 great persons or groups in 1915, and 2,000 illustrations, 4,000 thousand Articles and Stories, 4,000 thousand Pictures. Special Pages for all ages.

**The Best Two** for all the Family for only **\$2.10**  
and 12 Issues of McCall's Magazine  
and 15 Dress Patterns  
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**64 Issues and 156 Patterns for \$2.10**

**THE YOUTH'S COMPANION** for 12 weeks, and the 1915 Home Calendar. Offer is to new YOUTH'S COMPANION subscribers only.

**MCALL'S MAGAZINE** every month for one year, also choice of any 1500 McCall's Dress Patterns extra for 12 weeks extra to cover mailing.

**THE YOUTH'S COMPANION**, G. Paul St., BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

## SHERIFF'S SALES

For State, County, School, Dog and State Road Tax for 1916.

Notice is hereby given that I, or one of my deputies, will on Monday, February 5, 1917, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p. m., at the Court House door in Hartford, Ohio county, Kentucky, expose to public sale for cash in hand, the following described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay State, county, school, dog and State road tax due thereon and unpaid, and the interest, penalty and costs thereon:

Precinct No. 1—G. Hartford.

Lee, R. M., 20 a. .... 7.57

Lee, R. P., 15 a. .... 6.15

Precinct No. 2—W. Hartford.

Bash, Mrs. Mattie J., 1 town lot

lot ..... 3.75

Bevis, Mrs. J. E., 20 a. .... 8.85

King, Daniel, 1 town lot ..... 3.95

Walker, R. D., 1 town lot ..... 13.70

Precinct No. 3—Henderson.

Hoover, L. C., 165 a. .... 19.95

Davis, Mrs. R. L., 1 town lot ..... 5.35

Precinct No. 4—Sulphur Springs.

Ashley, H. M., 50 a. .... 8.00

Baffron, H. C., 1 town lot ..... 5.70

Precinct No. 5—Magan.

Neighbors, Mrs. Belle, 73 a. .... 13.75

Taylor, L. E., 41 a. .... 4.75

Precinct No. 6—Cromwell.

Davis, E. D., 10 a. .... 8.49

Endry, Postal, 37½ a. .... 9.00

Precinct No. 7—Rockport.

Allen, E. D., 6 a. .... \$ 5.75

Beasley, W. T., 1 town lot ..... 8.50

Childers, H. E., 15 a. .... 17.52

Heek, Mrs. Nannie P., 1 town

lot ..... 4.55

Layton, Mrs. J. K., 3 town

lots ..... 18.75

Smith, John J., 1 town lot ..... 7.37

Precinct No. 8—Rockport.

Brown, Mrs. Emery, 132 a. .... \$ 8.06

Decker, John, 1 a. .... 5.10

Her, Mrs. H. P., 1 town lot ..... 9.35

Maddox, Mrs. Cinderella, 32 a. .... 6.32

Precinct No. 10—Select.

Butler, A. F., 75 a. .... \$11.30

Iates, J. A., 12 a. .... 4.75

Lindsey, Mrs. Idelia, 35 a. .... 3.10

Precinct No. 11—Iltore Branch.

Arnold, B. J., 137 a. .... \$14.50

Burden, Robert, 45 a. .... 12.07

Daniel, Mrs. Nancy D., 50 a. .... 5.25

Morris, Joe H., 15 a. .... 6.17

Smith, L. D., 70 a. .... 9.69

Wilson, J. H., 107 a. .... 14.27

Precinct No. 12—Rosine.

Charlie, Jerry, 125 a. .... 5.85

Dohis, Mrs. Sophia, 16 a. .... 2.43

Hall, Albert, 5 a. .... 4.33

Reddish, Mrs. Hannah, 56 a. .... 4.20

Sorrels, S. H., 3 a. .... 5.87

Stewart, J. A. Jr., 72 a. .... 8.85

Wright, Albert, 25 a. .... 5.80

Wilson, Ansel's heirs, by Ernst

Wilson, 30 a. and 50 a. .... 9.47

Precinct No. 14—W. Beaver Dam.

Ament, Fabie, 1 town lot ..... \$ 6.16

Williams, K. V., 1 town lot ..... 11.45

Precinct No. 15—McHenry.

Craig, Charles, for F. T. Cool,

1 town lot ..... 5.70

Fisher, Mrs. Jane A., 40 a. .... 5.35

Hibbs, E. E., 1 town lot ..... 7.05

Hutchinson, Mrs. Annie, 1 town

lot ..... 2.20

Tichenor, S. J., 1 town lot and

3 town lots ..... 63.93

Wright, T. S., 1 town lot ..... 5.70

Wade, L. E., 1 town lot ..... 3.95

Yoham, Mrs. Hob, 75 a. and

1 town lot ..... 12.49

Precinct No. 16—Centertown.

Allen, H. H., 1 town lot ..... \$ 7.05

Hoffin, Cleve, 1 town lot ..... 6.15

Precinct No. 17—Smallmans.

Brown, J. W., 65 a. .... \$ 6.28

Ellison, W. G., 25 a. .... 5.12

Precinct No. 18—Fordsville.

Whitler, Chas. H., 30 a. land

and 1 town lot ..... \$10.10

Precinct No. 19—Actonville.

Evans, J. R., 150 a. .... 24.18

Pryor, W. D., 44 a. .... 5.10

Precinct No. 21—Shreve.

Brown, G. R., 49 a. .... \$ 5.10

Precinct No. 22—Olston.

Daniel, B. C., 25 a. .... \$ 7.22

Miller, Mrs. J. M., 50 a. .... 6.65

Precinct No. 23—Hartford.

Hinton, Mrs. E. A., 25 a. .... \$ 3.12

Mitchell, J. H., 50 a. .... 5.10

Westerville, W. A., .... 15.00

Precinct No. 24—Brentwood.

Hoffman, Carl, 82 a. .... \$12.13

Kirk, J. E., 66 a. .... 3.84

Precinct No. 26—Cynthiana.

Bishop, E. K., 23 a. .... \$ 6.87

Everly, Mrs. Z. M., 35 a. .... 3.84

Precinct No. 27—Point Pleasant.

Kirtley, E. S., 10 a. .... \$ 6.52

Precinct No. 28—Hollings.

Evans, Delmer, 50 a. .... \$ 7.90

Norris, Cap., 4 a. .... 4.73

Stevens, J. H., 43 1/2 a. .... 15.47

Precinct No. 29—Herbert.

Hosking, W. H., 45 a. .... \$ 4.75

Precinct No. 30—Arnold.

Bratcher, Blane, 1 a. .... \$ 4.97

Duvall, J. W., 7 a. .... 4.39

Hill, Bill, 25 a. .... 6.17

Keown, Mrs. B. E., 125 a. .... 3.88

Smith, Richard, 4 a. .... 3.95

Precinct No. 31—Simmons.

Hobby, John, 1 town lot ..... \$ 6.38

Wright, W. H., 10 a. .... 9.23

No. 32—Non-Resident.

Austin, Ed., 25 a. .... \$ 8.07

## JUDGE AND PARSON LET PROGRAM CONFLICT

TWO COUPLES MARRIED IN  
HARTFORD AT PRACTICAL-  
LY THE SAME TIME.

"I pronounce you man and wife," said Judge Wilson, about 2:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and as if an echo, "I pronounce you man and wife," said Rev. B. W. Napier, but neither heard the other for the judge was in his office at the court house and the "Parson" was in the parlors of the Commercial Hotel. A few minutes later Mr. Willie Cox and his newly made better half, in the highest stage of ecstasy, slipped down the court house steps. About the same time Mr. J. H. Ridgeway and his bride, no less buoyant, were descending the steps of the Commercial Hotel.

When did it happen before? Two weddings in the little city of Hartford, with only a street separating the scenes and the ceremonies performed at the same time. The Judge looked out the window; the "Parson" doffed his hat. Each thought he carried the honors of the day, but when they saw, they knew, and when The Republican representative called in the County Judge's office they had got together and were talking it over. Of course, one being a "parson" it couldn't be done in Kentucky, but what promised at first to develop into a bitter rivalry had dwindled, and given to congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. Cox, the latter being Miss Amanda Trail before her marriage, reside at Simons. They are of prominent families and returned to Simons immediately after the ceremony. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. William McDonald.

Before facing Rev. Napier Mrs. Ridgeway was Miss Sallie Gabbert. Mr. and Mrs. Ridgeway were accompanied to Hartford by Mr. Lester Wright and Miss Fannie Gabbert, sister to the bride. They returned to Pleasant Ridge after the wedding where they will reside.

### The Golden Rule.

Be kind to the horse. Don't beat him because he does something which should not have been done. Perhaps he had the right motive, but in his dumb way was unable to express it. Perhaps he wanted to help you, possibly he meant no evil, though outwardly he seemed perverse and stubborn. Give him credit for at least trying to be good, for there are few horses which are naturally bad.

Many persons take it for granted that when a horse does wrong he intended to do so, and they therefore punish him for it. Now this action only aggravates the matter, and if continued will result in an incorrigible animal, made so solely from mistreatment by his master. This explains why some horses are bad.

The best policy is to be kind to the horse. Remember that he is a dumb animal. Don't expect an inch understanding from him as you expect of men. Remember that of all the animals which aid men, the horse is the most useful. Give him credit for that. Don't punish him for all the wrongs he does, for possibly they are not so intended. Try to put yourself in his place, and don't forget that he is a slave.

Be kind to him, and see for yourself if your work does not proceed more smoothly than ever before. Follow the Golden Rule and treat your horse as you would wish him to treat you if your positions were reversed. Investigate for one and you will never say again that kindness doesn't pay. Our Dumb Animals.

### \$60,000,000 For Roads.

There is a movement in Illinois in behalf of a bond issue of \$40,000,000 for the construction of hard roads. It is stated that this programme contemplated would put Illinois up to tenth position among the States within a decade, traying New York, California and Massachusetts ahead as road builders.

France, which is about one-seventeenth the area of the United States, has spent \$600,000,000 in original construction of public roads, and spends—in normal times—only 3 per cent of the amount of the investment in annual upkeep.

If the United States is to take position among the good roads countries of the world it will be necessary to spend about seventeen times as much as France has spent—making no allowance for the greater cost of labor in America which would be \$10,200,000,000.

The proposed investment of \$60,000,000 in Illinois would be a drop in the bucket. Investments already made in States not among the leading road-making States in the Union are negligible in comparison with what can be spent if America is to realize the benefits of a comprehensive system of really good roads.

We have not learned how to main-

tain macadam roads at an annual outlay of 2 per cent of original cost in America. Possibly unscientific and often dishonest, construction is to blame partly for the far too great cost of maintenance in this country. We need, as a beginning, to learn to make roads as they should be made. The knowledge is possessed, of course, by a hundred number of engineers, but is not possessed and applied generally. Just as we well-built roads as those of France we might get the maintenance cost down to something like 2 per cent. It would be a disaster to invest in good roads to the extent that France has invested in them before learning how to keep them in condition at far less expense than is estimated generally, and exceeded often, in America.

In the present state of road making in America maintenance means frequent resurfacing. In France it means constant attention to small damage and constant application of small repairs. The danger in a country so wealthy as America is that an enormous outlay for original construction may be made under plans that do not provide first-class construction and to entail an inordinate annual maintenance cost. If we could learn to keep our roads up at 3 per cent of their cost annually we could afford to outdo France in building hard roads. Until we learn to keep down maintenance cost, by improving the quality of construction by the use of the patrol system and by the elimination of "squeeze," we cannot compete with France in the matter of the completeness of the system of improved roads.—*Courier-Journal*.

### Why The Tail?

In reply to a question, Mr. Ernest Thompson Seton has this to say in the December *Guide to Nature*:

It would take eleven large volumes to discuss the functions of a quadruped's tail. It is commonly believed that the original ancestor of quadrupeds was aquatic and used its tail for a sailing oar; but since then it has taken countless different additional forms—in the giraffe and the elephant as a fly-sapper; in the South American monkeys as a fifth hand; in the alligator as a tail; in the skunk as a warning to enemies, the same in the rattlesnake; in the flying squirrel as a helm for volplaning; in the gray squirrel as a paraplane to break a dangerous fall; in the whitetail deer as a signal to the young ones; in the porcupines as a dangerous weapon of offense; in the fox as a muffler for the feet in cold weather. In the cat its service is not very obvious, but it seems to be used as a directive mark when signaling one of its kind from behind; this is achieved partly by the color pattern and partly by the nervous twist of the tip. These are only a few of the uses which occur to me and each illustrates another development of the tail. I would add that in the beaver it is used as a plunging paddle in diving, as well as a signal sounder.

### A Dead Loss.

Mrs. Hartley had for her cook a handsome young mulatto named Julius. One Monday morning Julius went about his work with a most lugubrious countenance. When Mrs. Hartley inquired as to the cause he answered dolefully:

"I'm mighty unfortunate, ma'am; that's what it is. You see, it was like this: I went to church last night, and when they came round for the collection I gave a quarter. Yes'm, that's what I thought. Then when I put my hand in my pocket again I found out I had made a mistake and put that \$5 gold piece you gave me in the basket. Five dollars!"

"Well, of course, Julius, that is a good deal," said Mrs. Hartley, sympathetically. "but don't feel too sorry about it. Just think how much good that money may do!"

"Yes'm, it ain't that; but you can't fool the Lord. He knows I only wanted to give a quarter. He won't write down in His book 'Julius one quarter.' That four dollars and seventy-five cents sure is a dead loss in black and white." Julius, give five dollars! No'm; He will put us."

The play, "The Old Maids' Convention," given Friday night at the College Hall, was largely attended and proved a success. Proceeds went for the benefit of the hall.

**Turks Change Calendar.**

Amsterdam, Jan. 31.—A Constantinople dispatch to Reuters says that the Turkish Parliament, on the recommendation of the government, has formally adopted the Gregorian calendar.

The Molemedan calendar, used up to the present in Turkey, was based on the changes of the moon and consisted of a year of twelve lunar months commencing in the Gregorian July.

**Smoking Room For Women.**

Convinced that womankind has taken the cigarette unto herself for keeps, the Ritz-Carlton Hotel has added its quota to female comfort by opening a cigarette shop, which will be labeled the "Humidor," opposite the team room beneath the main floor, says the New York Herald.

Upon some classes of envelopes the increase will go into effect only after old stocks are sold.

Post-offices throughout the country soon will be supplied with stampless "window" envelopes, with part of the address side transparent, which heretofore have been unavailable. The department decided to put on sale this class of envelopes as a means of enabling commercial concerns to do away with addressing as well as stamping.

### BEADS ODDLY STRUNG

(By J. H. Thomas.)

Judge R. C. Tutor, of Somerset, who announced just after the election of 1915 he would be a candidate on a State-wide platform, for the Republican nomination for Governor at the 1919 primary, has moderated his political aspirations and announced for Judge of the Pulaski County Court.

When we learned a woman would be a candidate for the Republican nomination for Superintendent of Ohio County schools we made up our mind to demonstrate our faith in equal suffrage by supporting her, but now that we are advised there will be two female candidates we will support one of them and have our wife to vote for the other one.

A few mere warm days, like those early in this week, would have tempted the fishing worms to the surface, and McFlute's column would have taken a vacation to the mouth of Grassy creek.

We are anxious to know why the dozen or so candidates for dialer do not come forward with their announcements.

We want to announce that the writer of these paragraphs isn't that other J. H. Thomas, who is a "dickens" of a mean Democrat.

We ask unanimous consent to nominate Clem Mooley for Surveyor for life.

Most anybody can collect taxes or feed prisoners, but we hope the Republicans will nominate a man for County Judge who has grey matter in his head, starch in his back bone and sand in his crew.

We have not consulted the other fellows about it, but it is our candid opinion that Jim Hollis is the best man the Republicans could nominate for Magistrate in the Sulphur Springs district.

The Narrows people have not worried the County Farm Demonstrator much about farmwork but if he is up-to-date on fishing they would like a visit from him.

If the summer crop of tobacco equals the crop grown around the village grocery stores, while the recent snow was on, chewing and splitting will be cheaper next year.

All it looks like all was lost. We can't ride on a pass anymore.

If the Kentucky Legislature does pass an anti-slipping law it will be good to live on the Owensboro branch line where we can just go after it. We are launting this for a horse-swap.

**FORDSVILLE ITEMS.**

Jan. 31.—There is quite a good deal of sickness in town at this writing.

Mrs. Josephine Rogers, who has been very sick for several weeks, is now improving.

Mrs. J. L. Denton is on the sick list this week.

Mrs. D. M. Jones entertained the young folks Saturday night with a rock party. All report a very pleasant time.

Miss Gladys Hines, of Owensboro, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. D. L. Shultz from Saturday until Tuesday.

Mrs. J. H. Lloyd, who was operated on in Louisville and then brought here to the home of her mother, Mrs. Rogers, is getting along very nicely.

Ann Rachel Johnson is very low at this writing.

Druggist J. D. Cooper has sold out to Mr. Joe Bennett, of Cairo, Ill.

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choose her own brand of smoke without contact with trade men, and she may write a letter while she inhales the aroma of some gold-tipped Turkish brand. Until recently the room was given over to trade, in the guise of a烟 shop's office. But Albert Keller, the manager of the hotel, determined that women needed a quiet and secluded smoking room all to themselves.

Smoking for women, of course, will not be confined to the "Humidor" at the Ritz. For long time the place has been theirs so far as indulging in a cigarette goes. They may smoke in any of the dining-rooms in the hotel. But they may now buy their cigarettes personally without sending a waiter into the room for them.

### 67 APPLY FOR COMMON SCHOOL DIPLOMAS

At the examination held last Friday and Saturday, for Common School Diplomas, there were 24 applicants at Beaver Dam, 12 at Madison, 23 at Fordsville and 38 at Hartford. So far we have not been able to find out just how many passed or made the required grade for graduation certificates.

### FRENCH HONOR DOG HEROES

Four-Footed Soldiers Doing Work That Men Could Not.

The French orders of the day now frequently pay tribute to the heroism of France's four-footed soldiers. For France's army of dogs are doing brave work—work that a man could not possibly do.

They serve as sentinels, patrol scouts and liaison agents or messengers. And they are recruited like men are. A force of a dozen is gathered and sent to this army corps. A score is sent to another corps. A lot of one hundred was sent to the government by the farmers of South France.

These dogs are the short-haired, wolf-like shepherds of the French farms—stumpy, hony, thin, steel muscled and spiky haired animals. And yet, despite their unkempt, savage look, they are the oldest race of dogs, specialized back into the mist of time—the true and fighting guardians of the flocks of Europe's peasants.

Mewo No. 6, one of these dog heroes, won a citation in the orders of the Tenth Army Corps October 8. He was dispatched to carry an order from one brigade to another, a distance of one and one-fourth miles, under fire. He was struck by a scrap of shell in the last 200 yards of his trip, but dragged himself to the commanding post, where he died fifteen minutes later.

Gendarme, a mongrel looking beast, doing sentry duty with a patrol named Durand in the Vosges hills, detected the approach of a German patrol and enabled Durand to call for reinforcements. The entire German patrol was lagged, solely through the dog's intelligence.

The liaison dogs have become mighty factors in the great artillery struggle now going on. Linson means linking, and these dogs are sometimes the only links between sections of the French army. During bombardments, and when a curtain of fire is falling, these liaison dogs are sent with messages and they get through when a man could not.

But now and then they do not get through, and occasionally when they do it is at the cost of their lives. Bo polished Follette 11 B, also mentioned in orders of the day. She was sent through a curtain of fire and had to go a mile to reach her destination. She was fatally wounded when half way through, but continued on and delivered her message.

### PARISIANS USE DUMMIES

Paris, Jan. 30.—Parisians have already figured out one way to beat the new rule for restaurants which limits customers to two dishes. Over-hungry or fastidious eaters will take a stool pigeon into the restaurant with them.

Each will order two plates, but the stool pigeon will pass his food to the real consumer when the latter finishes what he ordered. It is expected the dummies will be recruited from among the Paris guides, who have little business now, since most of the sporting resorts are closed. These youths will stand outside the restaurants and accompany any person who wants to eat inside for a small fee.

Did you hear that Jiggs was killed while traveling in Kentucky?"

"No. How was he killed?"

"In a fender."

"And I always told him not to ride in those cheap cars."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A man of an inquiring turn of mind thrust his fingers into a horse's mouth to see how many teeth it had, and the horse closed its mouth to see how many fingers the man had.

The curiosity of each was fully satisfied. Our Dumb Animals.

# CARSON & CO.'S Lower Prices Better Hurry!

You have yet a long time to use and enjoy our nice Coats, Coat Suits and Furs. We are now offering Ladies' and Children's Coats at less than what they cost.

### Ladies' Coats

Regular price, \$4.00.	Now . . . . .	\$ 2.50
Regular price, \$5.00.	Now . . . . .	\$ 3.50
Regular price, \$6.00.	Now . . . . .	\$ 4.25
Regular price, \$8.50.	Now . . . . .	\$ 6.00
Regular price, \$10.00.	Now . . . . .	\$ 7.75
Regular price, \$12.00.	Now . . . . .	\$ 8.75
Regular price, \$15.00.	Now . . . . .	\$11.25
Regular price, \$20.00.	Now . . . . .	\$14.75

### Children's Coats

Regular price, \$3.00.	Now . . . . .	\$ 1.75
<tbl